

Final status report of the establishing of SPINs

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Public report



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1. Summary

The EPC+ project aims at developing and promoting new business models for the implementation of innovative energy efficiency services through cooperation of Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (SMEs). Such innovative energy efficiency services (EES) can be offered in form of energy performance contracts (EPC).

Within the frame of the EPC+ project, the cooperation of SMEs, with the aim to offer joint EES to the market, is called a *SPIN*. Such *SME Partnerships for Innovative Energy Services* are organized clusters of independent companies that jointly supply novel energy efficiency services to existing or new customers. Today, conventional collaboration is mainly carried out in form of subcontracting. However, the collaboration within a SPIN forces to think partners outside of the box. A SPIN goes clearly beyond the scope of subcontracting as a common package, an innovative energy service, is offered.

As the concept of a SPIN – SME partnership for innovative energy services – is quite unique, the establishment process is crucial. This report documents the SPIN establishment process of EPC+ partners. However, this report provides only limited information on the established SPIN (D2.8).

A first outcome of the SPIN development process is that the establishment of a SPIN is of strategic matter to the respective SME and therefore internal strategic meetings and decisions of most of the SPIN principles are required.

Until the start-up phase 9 *simple* SPINs, 5 *complicated* SPINs and 3 *complex* SPINs were successfully developed by EPC+ partners. The next phase will be the implementation of pilot projects by SPINs across Europe.



2. Background information

2.1. About the EPC+ project

Usually energy efficiency services are offered by one provider. However, energy efficiency services (EES) can be offered through cooperation as well. The EPC+ project aims at developing and promoting new business models for the implementation of innovative energy efficiency services through cooperation of Small and Medium-sized Enterprises (SMEs).

Such innovative energy efficiency services (EES) can be offered in form of energy performance contracts (EPC). According to Energy Efficiency Directive (2012/27/EU) EPC means a contractual arrangement between the beneficiary and the provider of an energy efficiency improvement measure, verified and monitored during the whole term of the contract, where investments (work, supply or service) in that measure are paid for in relation to a contractually agreed level of energy efficiency improvement or other agreed energy performance criterion, such as financial savings. The European standard EN 15900 about energy efficiency services (EES) defines an EES as an agreed task or tasks designed to lead to an energy efficiency improvement and other agreed performance criteria.

Cooperation enables SMEs to provide novel and high quality energy efficiency services, which could not be provided by a stand-alone company. Such innovative services are serious alternatives to standard services provided by a single energy service providers (ESPs) and may provide promising opportunities. An 'energy service provider' (EED 2012/27/EU) means a natural or legal person who delivers energy services or other energy efficiency improvement measures in a final customer's facility or premises. Within this report we use the terms energy service provider and energy service company (ESCO) interchangeable.

On the hand the EPC+ approach will create more competition among ESPs, especially among the ones which provide energy efficiency services, whilst on the other hand it leads to new market demand and additional money flows. Through cooperation of SMEs a certain new market potential arises. Advantage can be taken of this business opportunity.

Within the frame of the EPC+ project the cooperation of SMEs with the aim to offer joint EES to the market is called a *SPIN*. Such *SME Partnerships for Innovative Energy Services* are organized clusters of independent companies that jointly supply novel energy efficiency services to existing or new customers. The most important feature of these SPINs is that they are composed of market actors that offer complementary services to each other. Therefore, they are not competitors with conflicts of interest. The partnership sets commonly agreed objectives, valid for a structured and long-term cooperation.

Consulting companies, ESCOs, technology suppliers, HVAC engineers, etc. are the enterprises that will establish the SPINs and apply various technical, organizational and financial packages developed within the EPC+ project.

As the concept of a SPIN – SME partnership for innovative energy services – is quite unique, the establishment process is crucial. A first outcome of the SPIN development process is that the establishment of a SPIN is of strategic matter to the respective SME and therefore internal strategic meetings and decisions of most of the SPIN principles are required. The development of, and entry to, a SPIN forces enterprises to think outside of the box, as the collaborative supply of energy efficiency services is not trivial



and widely spread. Conventional collaboration is mainly carried out in form of subcontracting. However, the collaboration within a SPIN opens the focus of all of its members and brings rights and duties to them. Hence, a SPIN goes beyond the scope of subcontracting as a common package, an innovative energy service, is offered.

This report aims at the final documentation of the SPIN establishment process of EPC+ partners. The interim report served as a risk management report in order to identify serious risks in the early phase of the EPC+ project. In contrast, D2.8., *Description of the established SPINs as good-practice examples for further dissemination*, presents the national SPINs in detail (SPIN types, partners, roles and the innovative energy services).

Until the start-up phase 9 *simple* SPINs, 5 *complicated* SPINs and 3 *complex* SPINs were successfully developed by EPC+ partners. The next phase will be the implementation of pilot projects by SPINs across Europe.

Please visit <u>www.epcplus.org</u> to learn more about the project and results.

2.2. Market backgrounds on existing SPINs in partner countries

In the following Table 1, a list with EPC+ partner institution can be found, their EPC market development level as well as the presence of a SPIN on their markets.

Table 1: EPC+ project partners, development level of national EPC markets and market presence of SPINs and innovative networks in the energy efficiency or construction sector.

Country	Company	Market level	Already SPINs existing or networks on market
Austria	e7 and GEA	Advanced	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market. SME cooperation in various sectors exists mainly on subcontracting basis or on an informal basis. National association of energy efficiency: www.deca.at Networks of SMEs in the construction sector "Partnerbetriebe Traumhaus Althaus" http://tinyurl.com/h8bb680 www.enerquent.at Networks of big companies Learning energy efficiency network Vorarlberg: www.energieeffizienznetzwerk.at/; Learning energy efficiency network Oberösterreich: http://leen.de/projects/leen-enamo-ooe/; Learning energy efficiency network Styria:



			https://www.ffg.at/coinnet
Belgium ¹	Factor4	Intermediate	Factor4 is Principal of a Simple SPIN.
- 0 -			EPC service providers in the public sector are working
			with subcontractors or partners but 'partnerships' are
			created mostly per project.
			 The Flemish energy company (regional authority) has
			signed EPC contracts for public offices and has involved
			other partners www.vlaamsenergiebedrijf.eu.
			 The national authority for EPC services Fedesco has been
			discontinued.
			 National EPC association <u>www.belesco.be</u> provides
			networking opportunities.
			 Regional (innovation) authorities are supporting EPC
			services.
			Although the EPC concept is known in particular in the
			public sector the level of EPC contracts signed is still
			limited.
Bulgaria	BSERC	Beginner	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market.
Czech Republic	SEVEn	Advanced	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market.
Germany	ASEW	Advanced	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency sector available in order
			to provide a new and innovative energy service.
			 SME cooperation exists mainly on subcontracting basis in
			order to offer a broader range of energy consulting
			services but exchange of information/experiences is
			limited.
			Learning energy efficiency network in Germany:
			http://leen.de/projekte/.
Greece	CRES	Beginner	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market.
			 The EPC market is in an infant stage. Although there are
			29 energy service companies registered in the Hellenic
			Energy Service Company Register, very few of these
			companies have implemented EPC projects.
			 There are SPIN configurations in the energy efficiency
			consulting sector. However, these are usually short-term
			and on a subcontracting basis.
			 There is considerable experience of SPIN configurations in
			the construction industry, in which different companies
			work together on a long-term basis particularly for
			tendering procedures for public building projects.
Ireland	TEA	Beginner	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market.
			 Some companies offer EPC and have subcontracting
			relationships with others as needs be.
Italy	ESCOIT	Intermediate	 Yes, there is one SPIN available. This SPIN will be part of
			the upcoming SPIN within the frame of the EPC+ project,
			since we will define the contractual terms which must not
			be in contrast with the existing ones.
Portugal	ISR-UC	Intermediate	No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market.
			 Some companies already work in collaboration (joint
			ventures, etc.), especially in the construction industry and
			also in the renewable energy sector.
			 The concept of supplying services to specific clients by a
			consortium of companies already exists.

 $^{\mathrm{1}}$ The EPC market development level in the Netherlands was indicated as Beginner by Factor4.



			 APESEnergia (Portuguese ESCO Association: http://www.apese.pt/) APREN (Associação Portuguesa das Energias Renováveis; http://www.apren.pt/pt) AIP (Associação industrial portuguesa; http://www.aip.pt) ADENE (National Energy Agency; www.adene.pt) APMI (Associação Portuguesa de manutenção Industrial; http://www.apmi.pt/) AIPI (Portuguese Lighting Association; www.aipi.pt) AGEFE (Associação Empresarial dos Sectores Eléctrico, Electrodoméstico, Fotográfico e Electrónico; www.agefe.pt) ANPME (Associação nacional das Pequenas e Médias Empresas; www.anpme.pt) Energy Efficiency Public Facebook Group (https://www.facebook.com/groups/104387519592 533/)
Slovenia	JSI	Intermediate	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market. Some cooperation between SMEs exists mainly on subcontracting basis in order to offer a broader range of energy services.
Spain	Escan	Intermediate	 No SPINs in the energy efficiency services market. National Associations of small ESEs, engineering companies and manufacturers, with about 100 companies. The SMEs are usually subcontracted. Some companies work in collaboration for maintenance, equipment supplies, etc.

The market development level of the participating partner countries varies. A qualitative assessment shows that 3 out of 11 countries describe their EPC market as "advanced". 5 out of 11 countries describe their EPC market as "intermediate" and 3 out of 11 describe their market as a "beginner" market.

Only in Belgium and Italy it was highlighted that certain forms of SPINs already exist. In all other countries no SPINs were present prior the EPC+ project started. In most of the cases collaboration is limited to bilateral agreements on a subcontracting basis or in form of joint-ventures. In some countries (e.g. Austria) formal networks exist, but do not specifically support the development of SPINs.

With respect to market presence of SPINs Belgium and Italy are pioneers. In Belgium already three designated SPINs are present:

- SPIN 1 is an existing simple SPIN. Factor4 is the principal with more than 5 associates. The focus is mainly on EPC services. Factor4 is responsible for marketing, sales and contract with clients, project management while the associates are experts in specific fields such as lighting, heating, cooling etc. and work as subcontractors for Factor4. Factor4 has a master service contract with each of the associate and concrete transactions are based on service level agreements based on deal specific terms.
- SPIN 2 is an existing Complicated SPIN with Factor4 in Belgium and Boot Advocaten in the Netherlands that has resulted in a joint venture (Factor4 Netherlands) since May 2015. The focus is



on EPC services for the public and private sector in the Netherlands. Factor4 brings in the expertise related to EPC contracting and technical expertise (including SPIN 1 associates) while the other partner brings in legal expertise and local networking.

 SPIN 3 is a Complicated SPIN under development with Factor4 and two non-disclosed other partners. This complicated SPIN is to provide EPC services including third party financing in the market of initially multi-unit residential buildings in Belgium.

In Italy the existing SPIN is Federesco Servizi srl, created by some components of Federesco – the Italian Association of Escos, aiming to foster cooperation of SMEs in order offer innovative and wide EE services. Federesco Servizi is a SME and its corporate ownership is composed by an Association and 8 different Escos, principally SMEs, located in Piemonte, Sicily, Lombardia, Tuscany and Abruzzo Regions. Moreover, among Federesco's members there are also a few Escos (especially operating in the North of Italy) having a sound link in terms of cooperation. These companies are part of the Italian SPIN bringing their know how even in terms of SME cooperation.

In countries like Greece, Austria, Ireland and Slovenia a couple of ESCOs are already on the market. In Greece for instance, the EPC market is in an infant stage. Although there are 29 energy service companies registered in the Hellenic Energy Service Company Register, very few of these companies have implemented EPC projects. In contrast, the Austrian market comprises about 25 EPC suppliers, but "the Austrian ESCO market, in particular the EPC market, is considered a highly developed market" (Bayer, G. and Auer, M., 2013). A sound EPC market overview on 20 European countries can be found at www.transparense.eu.

2.3. Categorization of SPINs

Within D2.2, *Organisational tools for the SPIN*, a categorization of SPINs has been undertaken, which can be grouped as follows:

- Simple SPINs,
- Complex SPINs,
- Complicated SPINs.

In Figure 1 different SPIN types and connection strengths of a SPIN can be found. Type A refers to a Simple SPIN, type B to a Complex SPIN and type C to a Complicated SPIN. Details on the organizational structures as well as roles of participants can be found here http://epcplus.org/upload/ue/wp2/D2.2 Development-of-organisational-tools 2015-08-14.pdf (Van Agtmaal, E. and Coolen, J., 2015).



Interrelations and connection strengths

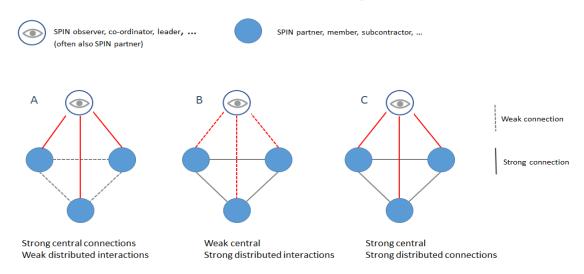


Figure 1: Different SPIN types and connection strengths of a SPIN (Source: Van Agtmaal, E. and Coolen, J., 2015).

According to Van Agtmaal (2015) "a Simple SPIN is a formal organization with one leading partner, referred to as the 'principal' and partners, referred to as the 'associates', but without (much) interactions between these associates. An example is an ESCO working with, often smaller, subcontractors. The number of associates depends on the expertise or domains covered by the SPIN and the total amount of work. (...) A Complex SPIN is a complex adaptive structure. It is a more informal, self-organising, network of several SMEs, referred to as the 'members'. One or more partners, referred to as the 'coordinator' in the SPIN can take the initiative to facilitate and strengthen interactions in the network. Outcomes are the result of dynamic emergent patterns of interaction between all partners willing to exchange knowledge and share (future) business opportunities but the exact outcomes of the interactions are not known beforehand. (...) A Complicated SPIN is a formal collaborative network of SME's with strong connection strengths between all partners, referred to as 'partners', and a collective central control. Responsibilities and tasks are split and allocated to the different partners in the SPIN. A more leading role could be assigned to one partner, referred to as 'leading partner'. The decision making process and how transactions are executed have to be defined before the creation of the SPIN. Complicated SPINs are difficult to create because of the large number of aspects to agree on between all partners. Collaboration can be based on a contract between all partners or within a new legal entity (e.g. a joint venture). Partners in a Complicated SPIN could be Simple SPINS itself."

More information on the established SPINs in each partner country, its associates, roles and innovative energy service can be found here: http://epcplus.org/sme-partnerships-spins/.



3. Establishment process of national SPINs

3.1. Overview on SPIN development phases

The identification phase of potential SPIN members, the optional strategy workshop phase, the informal contact phase with potential SPIN members and the official workshop phase are successfully completed by all partners. This means that national SPINs are officially established, as commitment could be obtained by various associates, roles are defined and innovative energy services are at hand. Figure 1 shows the various phases during the SPIN establishment process.



Figure 2: Phases of current SPIN development (green colour: phase completed; yellow colour: phase ongoing; red colour: phase (predominantly) not started) (Source and illustration: e7).

3.2. Identification phase of potential SPIN partners

The collection of *Letters of Support* (LOS) was a first attempt of EPC+ partners to get in touch with potential SPIN members prior to the project start. More than 50 LOS – mainly other energy service companies and technology suppliers – were collected in 11 partner countries with their intention for participation in SPINs and pilot projects. EPC+ partners selected potential SPIN members on the basis of a preliminary market assessment in order to detect first business opportunities and directions of organisational structures. Therefore, LOS represented a solid starting basis for the development of national SPINs. Furthermore, potential SPIN partners were identified during optional strategy workshops.

Even the identification phase of potential SPIN partners is officially closed, new SPIN partners may join a SPIN to a later stage of the EPC+ project. New SPIN partners, depending on the final demand of the client, will be needed potentially.

3.3. Optional strategy workshop phase

During the beginning phase of EPC+ project it turned out that a conduction of a company internal strategy workshop is much of help. The strategy workshops are on a voluntary basis and are not foreseen in the action plan. However, the WP leader strongly suggested holding such workshop in order to go deeper into the issue of SME partnerships and definition of common innovative energy services. Furthermore, such strategy workshops provide the opportunity to clarify questions, e.g.:

- what is the general line on cooperation;
- where does your company wants to be in 5 or 10 years (staff members; return; etc.);
- how to approach potential SPIN members best;
- how to approach potential clients;
- which field of expertise complements the services of the principle, but also of the associate;
- what services are demanded on the market;



Preliminary talks and market assessment were conducted by partners, prior EPC+ project start. Therefore, some partners have had a sufficient definition of their cooperation strategy.

Table 2: Optional strategy workshops by EPC+ partners

Country	Partner	Optional strategy workshop
Austria	e7	2 day strategy workshop with all e7 staff members (22-23 October 2015).
Austria	GEA	23 June 2015
Belgium	Factor4	Several internal workshops conducted prior EPC+ project start.
Bulgaria	BSERC	N/A (BSERC is only facilitator of SPINs)
Czech Republic	SEVEn	2 strategy workshops (24 June and 26 July 2015).
Germany	ASEW	16 June 2015
Greece	CRES	Not envisaged.
Ireland	TEA	The training workshop on the 14 th March 2016 in Cahir will be an opportunity for our members to develop working relationships.
Italy	ESCOIT	Various moments of exchange of information and points of view taking advantage of Federesco's meetings and events but no dedicated workshops have been organised.
Portugal	ISR-UC	Several internal meetings to define the company-internal strategy during July-September 2015. Moreover, on 6 November 2014 meeting with a Professor of the law faculty to figure out about the national legislation regarding the establishment of SPINs in Portugal.
Slovenia	JSI	Not envisaged.
Spain	Escan	Internal meeting with 3 experts of Escan was hold in September 2015.

3.4. Informal contact phase

After the optional internal strategy workshop phase and prior to the official workshops with potential SPIN members, an informal contact phase of potential cooperation partners was conducted. The informal contact phase comprises phone calls and ad hoc personal meetings with potential SPIN members in order to describe the goals and targets of the EPC+ project and the idea of the collaborative provision of innovative energy efficiency services.

All of the EPC+ partners have carried out informal recruitment activities, which were seen as very beneficial. Especially the informal contact phase requires more attention than initially estimated. On overview on informal contact activities is given in Table 3.



Table 3: Overview on informal contact phase.

Country	Partner	Who has been contacted?	Why these companies	Are you still looking for
Country,			(selection criteria)?	further SPIN members?
Austria	e7	e7 wants to cooperate with	We already have excellent	The more we get into the
		companies along the value	business relations (research	product development, we
		added chain, not only on a	projects) with most of them.	may find that we need
		vertical basis. Therefore	Trust and compliance with	further partners. Also, we
		other experts, which do not	our values are key elements	will rely on the suggestions
		directly offer EES are invited	for cooperation. Otherwise	by other SPIN members.
		as well, but offer key	subcontract will be offered	
		elements in the whole value	only.	
		added chain. Bilateral		
		meetings were hold with 2		
		monitoring suppliers (hard-		
		and software), 1 cooling		
		engineering company, 1 light		
		and heat metering expert		
		and 1 energy savings trading company.		
Austria	GEA	companies for hydraulic	These technologies correlate	Not at the moment.
		adjustments, HVAC installers,	with the demand of the	
		providers of LED-lighting,	market	
		solar thermal collector		
		companies (for optional		
		applications)		
Belgium	Factor 4	SPIN 1: Relighting, HVAC	SPIN 1: Specialisation,	SPIN 1: potentially yes.
		control, energy monitoring,	product independent	
		green ICT, energy supply	consultants, good reputation	
		contracting SPIN 2: Combination of	SPIN 2: Good fit between a	SDIN 2: Voc. associatos, not
		technical and legal expertise	Dutch and Belgian company	SPIN 2: Yes, associates, not partners.
		and networking in the Neth.	(knowledge and customer	partifers.
		and networking in the Neth.	base).	
		SPIN 3: Factor4,	SPIN 3: HVAC maintenance	SPIN 3: One or more
		HVAC maintenance and	and installation company	additional associates or/and
		installation company	because of good reputations	partners are not necessary at
		(Confidential);	and services) Idem for	this moment but could add
		Energy utility	Energy utility company.	value in the (near) future.
		company/ESCO(Confidential).	Network and previous	
			business contacts.	
Czech	SEVEn	ITES Ltd.	These companies aim to	The SPIN-partnership is open
Repulic		C.E.I.S. CZ, Ltd.	enter EPC market and are	to new interested partners,
		SYSTHERM, Ltd.	interested in broadening their EPC know-how.	but SPIN members are not
		REPOS plus, a.s.	their EPC know-now.	actively looking for new partners as it is not seen as
				necessary.
Germany	ASEW	Many municipal utilities have	These companies have been	The SPIN-partnership is
' '		been contacted from the	chosen because they are all	always open to new
		ASEW, especially those that	members of ASEW. ASEW	interested partners,
		had expressed their interest	has already excellent	but ASEW is not actively
		for participation in the	business relations with them.	looking for new SPIN-
		project through Letters of	In this way a successful	members. Nevertheless,
		Support during the very	implementation of pilot	during bilateral meetings
		beginning project proposal	projects can be better	with other ASEW-members



		1		CDIN : LI
		phase. The contact took	guaranteed.	one new SPIN-partner could
		place via confidential phone		have been won.
C	CDEC	calls.	HELECCO CTUVII	The CDIN contracts in its contract
Greece	CRES	HELESCO S.A, STILVI Ltd,	HELESCO, STILVI and	The SPIN partnership is open
		ENERGINEERING Ltd, were	Energineering are pioneers in	to new, interested partners.
		companies that had	the energy performance	Furthermore, CRES has had
		expressed their interest for	contracting sector and they	numerous bilateral meetings
		participation in the project	have been very active in the	with other companies that
		through Letters of Support	past few years, attempting to	have expressed their interest
		during the very beginning	open the EPC market in	to establish another SPIN
		project proposal phase. SPIN	Greece. Furthermore, they	and has brought them into
		consisting of the following	have cooperated ad-hoc	contact with each other.
		members: HELESCO S.A,	many times in the past and	Until today, there has be no
		STILVI Ltd ENERGINEERING	there is therefore significant	progress, although the
		Ltd and FACETS S.A. CRES and	trust between them. From	attempts still continue and
		HCCE are supporters of the	the proposal phase of the	will, continue throughout the
		newly established SPIN.	project they were very keen	duration of the project. The
		ETVA-VIPE, a bank	to participate and cooperate.	companies with which
		subsidiaryis currently	FACETS S.A. is also a	bilateral meeting have been
		contemplating joining the	company who has	held (CRES has kept a
		consortium.	collaborated in the past with	logbook of all meetings) are:
			the aforementioned	(1) DELTA TECHNIKI S.A. – a
			companies. They mainly deal	HVAC supplier, (2) ACTIVUS
			with environmental aspects	S.A. – a PV supplier and
			of energy efficiency (e.g.	energy consultant, (3)
			carbon footprints) but they	ALTEREN S.A. – an energy
			are very business savvy and	efficiency consultant and
			may prove to be a valuable	ESCO specialising in
			asset to the SPIN. HCCE is the	industrial energy efficiency,
			confederation of SME	(4) ISTOS S.A. – a small wind
			commercial enterprises.	turbine supplier and energy
			They currently have no	consultant, (5) Sustchem S.A.
			access to EPC services and	- an energy efficiency
			are very interested to open	consultant specialising in
			this market to their	industrial process
			members. ETVA-VIPE is an	engineering, (6) Innoven S.A.
			ESCO and bank subsidiary of	– a data analytics and energy
			the Piraeus Bank. Although it	metering company, (7) I.
			has had no ESCO activity, it is	Ziakis Ltd. – an energy
			keen to cooperate in order	efficiency consultant, (8)
			to develop this market. It	Cofely Suez S.A. – who
			must be noted that the Bank	currently deal with facility
			of Piraeus is the only bank in	management in Greece, (9)
			Greece that is currently truly	ZEB S.A. – an ESCO and (10)
			and honestly attempting to	P. Tsekouras Ltd – a RES
			enter the EPC market.	expert specialising in solar
	50044:			thermal systems.
Spain	ESCAN	SPIN 1: Spatial approach,	Some universities and4	
		focus on two different cities	companies are interested in	
		of SPIN; many companies	EPC+;after contacts with	
		were contacted that are	them only two provide	
		specialist on carrying out	efficient lighting, HVAC and	
		energy efficiency services	meters in Sevilla. The	
		mainly for SMEs.	universities receive the	
			leaflets, brochure and are	



			informed by Escan of the	
			activities.	
		SPIN 2: Escan contacted and	They are in the official list of	The SPIN-partnership is
		invited SMEs, firstly those	energy services companies,	always open to new
		that participated with LoI in	reliable companies and	interested partners. But also
		the proposal and others with	some of them did work in	this will be adjusted if
_		different backgrounds	the past with Escan	project require it.
Portugal	ISR-UC	ISR-UC has contacted the companies that we select in an internal meeting. Our strategy is to have on board companies (SMEsengineering companies, equipment suppliers, energy consultants, energy audit companies and few ESCOs) that we have already collaborated in the past, both in European and National projects. Most of the invited companies already knew the project because of the bilateral contacts we had made during the first six months. We tried to	We already have good relations in previous research activities/projects, reliable companies in the market, with capability to reply to specific demands. Also companies that signed the CoC (IEE Transparense project).	If a SPIN partner suggests a trustworthy expert or SME, this will be considered. Moreover, if a potential customer has a preference for a particular brand or company, and if this company fulfils the requirements of EPC+, it will also be invited to be part of the Consortium/SPIN.
Slovenia	JSI	approach companies within several different areas and that do not compete each other. JSI wants to cooperate and	All companies (12) that	The consortium/SPIN does
Bulgaria	BSERC	collaborate with companies that supply various set of energy services. Before the has contacted companies (ESCOs) and other facilitators, especially those A database of energy services providers and producers of energy efficient products was made. An invitation join the project initiative was sent to all of the companies from the database. Some of the invited companies were already aware of the EPC+ project from bilateral meetings or letter of support. SPIN 1: An engineering	respond to the invitation had shown interest in participation to the EPC consortium/SPIN.	not need additional members. However, we are open to additional associates and partners for possible SPIN 2.
bulgaria	BSEKC	company, acting as SPIN principal	company well and they want to lead a partnership offering EPC and need our support.	NO.
-		SPIN 2: EES &	SPIN 2: No other SPIN	SPIN 2 is still looking for
		Ecotechproduct (partners in	members have been	members.
		the complicated SPIN)	recruited so far.	
Ireland	TEA	Our bilateral meetings		



		discussed potential relationships between members and likely projects. The role of TEA will be important in acting as facilitator between clients		
		and the team members. The training event on the 14 th March in Cahir will also be important in making progress.		
Italy	ESCO ITALIA	We selected some of the members of Federesco (the Italian association of ESCOs) choosing the most active and the ones which were interested in the topics.	These companies are the most active in the Association's initiatives and projects and they demonstrated great cooperation will and potential or competence.	No: We have many members covering all the Italian territory and we think that increasing the number could burden the SPIN.

3.5. Workshop phase

In Table 4 an overview on SPIN workshop activities is provided. All partners completed the workshop phase, which is essential to establish SPINs.

The overall aims of the workshops are:

- Explanation of the EPC+ project, SPINs and its overall idea.
- Establishment of a national SPIN.
- Carrying out a market assessment of potential cooperation fields.
- Development of your business model.
- Development of the organisation of the SPIN.

It must be stressed that some partners (e.g. e7, GEA, Factor 4, etc.) decided to go for various bilateral workshops instead of two workshops with all potential SPIN partners. With respect to the establishment of a simple SPIN (strong connection between principle and its associates, but no/weak connection among associates) it turned out to be more suitable to conduct bilateral meetings. A simple SPIN is very close to subcontracting and the offered innovative energy service is either developed by two partners or the principal alone develops the business model. Then the principle negotiates separately with each individual associate (subcontractor) the particular role of the associate. In case one service requires three companies, a common meeting can be hold. Therefore, there was no need to go for workshops with all potential members of the simple SPIN.

It needs to be highlighted that the conduction of bilateral meetings had at least the same workload, but the impact might be higher. Reasons for bilateral meetings instead of common workshops are:

- The market is already competitive. Sharing know-how and access to clients has to be treated cautiously.
- Bilateral meetings avoid competition among SPIN members.



- Safeguarding position of Principal: bilateral meetings are more competitive and the best offer can be chosen.
- Potential SPIN partners asked for bilateral meetings instead of one big workshop. This means that each of the SPIN members had different concerns and confidentiality issues.
- Due to spatial constraints, bilateral meetings can be considered also.

Some companies argued the other way round:

• Potential SPIN members asked for common workshops as they preferred to lay all the cards on the table and to withhold no secrets from each other (e.g. Greece).

All workshops are documented separately (D2.6 and D2.7) and can be found at the national partner sections at http://epcplus.org/sme-partnerships-spins/. The documentations provide insights on the partners, topics and outcomes.

Table 4: Overview on SPIN development workshops.

Country	Partner	Bilateral meetings	1 st workshop	2 nd workshop
Austria	e7	Bilateral meetings on 24 November 2015 24 November 2015 09 December 2015 11 December 2015 14 December 2015 Further to be followed		
Austria	GEA	Bilateral meetings on 28 August 2015 15 September 2015 7 October 2015 21 January 2016 2 February 2016		
Belgium	Factor4	Several bilateral meetings prior to workshops.	First workshop on 9 December 2015 with SPIN 3 partners.	Second workshop on the 15 December 2015 with SPIN 3 partners.
Czech Repbulic	SEVEn	Bilateral meetings on 19 November 2015 10 December 2015 16 December 2015 14 January 2016	10/08/2015	
Germany	ASEW	Bilateral meetings on 15.12.2015 07.01.2016 15.01.2016 20.01.2016 22.01.2016	20 July 2015	3 March 2016
Greece	CRES	Bilateral meetings on	17 September 2015	4 November 2015. A 3 rd



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		 24 June 2015 with Delta Techniki S.A, HVAC engineering experts and equipment suppliers. 8 July 2015 with ACTIVUS S.A., Photovoltaic engineering experts. 5 August 2015 with ALTEREN S.A., an Energy Services Company. 28 September 2015 with Sustchem Engineering Ltd., chemical engineering Ltd., chemical engineering 29 September 2015 with Istos Ananeosimes Ltd, micro wind-tubine 30 September 2015 with loannis Ziakis Ltd, energy efficiency consulting 2 October 2015 with INNOVEN S.A., IT energy systems experts. 8 October 2015 with Cofely Suez, FM company. 14 October 2015 with ZEB S.A., an Energy Services Company. 10 November 2015 - with Mr. S. Katoumas, investor 		workshop will also be held on the 17 th February to introduce the new member, FACETS S.A, who will sign the MoU, to discuss the progress over the last two months (particularly regarding the attempts to sign a contract for the implementation of the two pilot projects currently being attempted) and also to discuss the future business strategy regarding the recruitment of clients for the pilot project and the potential implementation of the projects.
Spain	ESCAN		SPIN 1	SPIN 1
			24 September 2015	26 November 2015
		SPIN2, bilateral meetings on 21 September 2015 29 October 2015 06 November 2015 24 November 2015		
Portugal	ISR-UC	Bilateral meetings on 26 November 2015 23 December 2015	30 September 2015	17 February 2016
Slovenia	JSI	Bilateral meetings on GGE on 22th of September 2015 Petrol on 23th of September 2015 Borzen on 14 th of October 2015 The Chamber of Craft and Small Business of Slovenia on 18 th of December 2015 Eco fund on 21th of December 2015	1 st of October 2015	March 2016
Bulgaria	BSERC	Bilateral meetings with SPIN 1 Principle on 18.09.2015 and 30.09.2015.	SPIN 1 29 October 2015	SPIN 1 14 January 2016



		Bilateral meetings with SPIN 2 coordinator on 10.06.2015 and 25.06.2015.		
			SPIN 2	SPIN 2
			6 November 2015	Not held yet.
Ireland	TEA	Bilateral meetings on January, February 2016 with all members.	23 September 2015	
Italy	ESCO ITALIA	Bilateral calls – frequently	14 October 2015	19 November 2015

3.6. Memorandum of Understanding and contracting signing phase

In order to complete the SPIN establishment phase (Task 2.3) at least two common workshops with potential SPIN partners have to be conducted and serious interest for cooperation needs to be expressed. Minutes of the workshops (D2.6 and D2.7) clearly proof such an interest and can be seen as sufficient for the completion of this task.

According to the grant agreement, there is no need to sign a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) or a SPIN contract in order to finalize the Task 2.3. However, it is suggested that a MoU or the SPIN contract will be signed shortly after finalisation of the workshops (or signed in the initial phase of the pilot projects), because a SPIN is "a nationally-organized cluster of independent energy efficiency service providers, mainly SMEs, that jointly supply energy efficiency services and have a structured, long-term collaboration with commonly agreed objectives". Therefore any form of document that can certify this sort of collaboration is sufficient. An update on signing a MoU or a SPIN contract is given in Table 5.

Table 5: Progress update on the optional signing of a Memorandum of Understanding or SPIN contract.

Country	Partner	Type of SPIN	Has the MoU or SPIN contract already been signed?	When are you going to sign the MoU/contract?
Austria	e7	Simple	Nothing has been signed yet.	Further bilateral meetings will be hold in March 2016 and the SPIN framework contract will be discussed. A modified framework contract will be signed later on.
Austria	GEA	Simple	Nothing has been signed yet.	Potential SPIN-partners are quite reluctant to sign MoU without a pilot project at hand. Thereby such a document will be signed in the initial phase of the pilot projects.
Belgium	Factor 4	SPIN 1: Simple	SPIN 1: Formal Principal - Associate contracts	SPIN 1: Contracts signed between Factor4 and associates
		SPIN 2: Complicated	SPIN 2: Formal Joint Venture Contract between Factor4 bvba (Simple SPIN) and Boot Advocaten bv	SPIN 2: Contract signed in May 2015
		SPIN 3: Complicated	SPIN 3: Contract signed with	SPIN 3: Common SPIN



			Partner 2; NDA signed with Partner 1	MoU/contract not yet signed.
Czech Republic	SEVEn	Simple	Nothing has been signed yet.	By the end of February.
Germany	ASEW	Simple and complex	Nothing has been signed yet.	During meeting on 3 March 2016 the SPIN framework contract will be discussed. Nevertheless, the SPIN-partners are quite reluctant to sign MoU without a pilot project at hand. Thereby such a document will be signed in the initial phase of the pilot projects.
Greece	CRES	Simple	MoU singed on 4 November 2015 by all SPIN members.	FACETS S.A., the new member of the SPIN, will also sign the MOU on the 17 th February 2016 at the SPIN 3 rd workshop.
Spain	ESCAN	SPIN 1: Complicated	MoU signed by all partners.	
		SPIN 2: Complicated	MoU signed by Aura Solar, E-building, Ingenere, Comeval in 2015.	
Portugal	ISR-UC	Complex	Nothing has been signed yet.	MoU will be presented during the 2 nd workshop and signed, if agreed, later on.
Slovenia	JSI	Complex	Nothing has been signed yet.	MoU or a framework contract will be presented and discussed during the 2 nd workshop. If agreed it will be signed later on.
Bulgaria	BSERC	SPIN 1: simple	Nothing has been signed yet.	Probably in March - April 2016
		SPIN 2: complicated	Nothing has been signed yet.	Probably in March - April 2016
Ireland	TEA	Complex	Nothing has been signed yet.	When there is a suitable project.
Italy	ESCO ITALIA	Simple	During the workshops the SPIN decided to put a specific phrase in the minutes' document that would intend such an agreement.	The SPIN is discussing about the need to sign a real agreement. In case, the MoU will be signed during the training, meanwhile sharing real business opportunities and strategy.

3.7. Start-up phase and growth phase

After establishment of the various national SME partnerships the start-up and growth phase starts. These phases lead over to the pilot project implementation phase (WP5). So far, only a few partners have started with first common activities, e.g. marketing and sales. However, already a couple of partners have identified potential pilot projects. An overview on the start-up phase as well as growth phase is given in Table 6.



Table 6: Overview on start-up phase and growth phase.

Country	Partner	Start-up phase / common activities	Growth phase / pilot projects identified
Austria	e7	No common activities yet. Preparing a product information sheet, etc. will be started in March 2016. During bilateral meetings a potential SPIN partner suggested other trustworthy experts who could be included in the SPIN. One of them will be contacted.	No pilot project could be identified yet. e7 had contact to various clients (SMEs and big enterprises).
Austria	GEA	No common activities yet.	A group of objects has been identified. All of them are in custody of one facility manager.
Belgium	Factor 4	SPIN 1: Activities via Principal (Factor4) various private clients (mostly SMEs) SPIN 2: Marketing and sales starting with energy audits and comfort survey). SPIN 3: Sales including commercial	SPIN 1: several pilot projects identified and signed; (outside EPC+ project budget) SPIN 2: Potential pilot projects are identified. SPIN 3: Several potential pilot
Czech Republic	SEVEn	project proposals started. Presentation of EPC for the technical director of the client.	projects are identified. Three projects in the pipeline are considered if will be won by ITES.
Germany	ASEW	No, there were no common activities yet. Starts in March 2016. Individual SPIN members try to integrate other members.	The ASEW SPIN members had already contact to various clients (SMEs and big enterprises).
Greece	CRES	Initial contacts with a financial institution, ETVA-VIPE, which is registered in the Hellenic Energy Service Company Register; Involved as third-Party financer, but also as an official SPIN member. Informal and formal meetings held.	Formal meeting with Notos Gallery Department Store in Athens about a lighting refurbishment pilot project. Agreement on: A demonstration project, to be self-financed by the SPIN, has already be implemented on one of the stalls of the Department Store. Following the demonstration project, Notos Gallery and the SPIN discussed the possibility of of providing its services for the refurbishment of the Ground Floor of the Department Store. This is already underway and is being undertaken by the SPIN member specialising in



			lighting. However, this will only consist of an energy service (i.e. energy efficiency consultancy) and will not consist of an EPC service. Following the refurbishment of the Ground Floor, Notos Gallery and the SPIN will discuss the possibility of implementing an EPC pilot project for the remaining floors of the Department Store with Third Party Financing and an EPC contract Discussions with ETVA for its financing have already started and there were initially very positive signs. However, at the moment, ETVA has informed the SPIN that all investments and loans have been put on hold until the political (i.e. refugee crisis) and economic situation stabilizes.
			A pre-feasibility study for the implementation of a waste heat recovery project in a food and drinks industry has also been submitted to ETVA and is
Spain	ESCAN	SPIN 1: Escan and the other members did a leaflet for marketing activities in December 2015 as starting activity with good cooperation.	currently being considered. It is planned to identify several possible pilot projects in 2016.
		spin 2: The first activities started in December 2015. Escan elaborated the design of a leaflet with the main services that offer the companies. New partner will sign MoU in March and a meeting with all partners will be celebrated after that.	Some ideas for possible projects/clients March -April. Marketing activities for potential clients starting in May 2016.
Portugal	ISR-UC	A potential customer was already identified. This customer had contacted ISR-UC some time ago, for carrying out an energy audit. Other common activities are foreseen, since other potential customers request us a visit to evaluate potential projects.	Already contacted some potential clients. One member of the SPIN also identified one interesting area: health sector; small clinics. A first pilot is identified and is being evaluated for consideration of a potential



			Energy Performance Contracting P
		Collaboration with other H2020 Projects related to EPCs (Investor Confidence Project and TRUST South).	EPC: EMS + lighting in hotel.
Slovenia	JSI	No, there were no common activities yet. Starts in March 2016.	No pilot project could be identified yet.
Bulgaria	BSERC	SPIN 1: Started its marketing activities by engaging agents who would act on their behalf. The agents have marketing role and would get percentage of their sells.	Not a particular project found yet, but hopefully SPIN 1 would identify it in next 1-2 months, while for SPIN 2 it may take longer.
		SPIN 2: didn't start anything (still their business model is not finalized), start in March - April 2016.	
Ireland	TEA	No common activities yet, other than scanning for suitable projects on e-tenders website. It is hoped also that projects will arise from group collaboration.	It is hoped to identify suitable projects in the near future.
Italy	ESCO ITALIA	Esco Italia, on behalf/as a leader of the SPIN, is contacting a significant number of SMEs all over Italy which had the audit obligation according to art.8 giving continuity to the audit activities and proposing energy efficiency interventions in EPC. The SPIN will give a start to concrete common activities in the moment it will need to start a pilot project.	None pilot projects started nor identified. The SPIN found some clients and start some activities within the SPIN's cooperation, but they are not targeting SMEs (P.A. and L.E. clients).



4. Risk management

No urgent risks could be detected during the final status report on the establishing of SPINs, as all partners achieved the successful establishment of SME partnerships. Nevertheless, following two points have to considered:

- The development of a suitable company strategy turned out to be important, but more difficult than initially expected. A corporate strategy workshop is therefore recommended for partners, who are involved in the SPIN as (leading) partner. Strategy workshops are less important for SPIN facilitators. There is a risk that the followed strategy does not pay off, or rather is not followed accordingly.
- Due to limited financial capacity in some partner countries it will be very challenging to initiate pilot projects. Due to the current severe financial crisis in various European countries finding a source of financing for the pilot projects will be the greatest difficulty. Access to finance for SMEs depicts a severe risk.

During the next months, and especially during the monthly Project Steering Committee meetings, awareness of partners has to be kept high in order to keep the commitment of SPIN members for collaboration (singing of MoU) and to accelerate the search of pilot projects.



5. References

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